The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR — VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1785. (No. 71.)

To be Let on Ground-Rent for ever, to the higheſt Bidder, on Tueſday the 21ſt Day of June next, on the Premiſes,

ABOUT 200 LOTS of GROUND, adjoining the Town of Alexandria, pleaſantly ſituated between Oronoko and Queen ſtreets, at no great diſtance from ſeveral commodious wharves, and convenient to the beſt water in that town. The Lots have in general 20 feet front, and ſome of them 43 feet 5 inches; and in depth they are, ſome 75 feet, ſome 83 feet, ſome 96 feet, and many of them 123 feet 5 inches. ——They will be let free from rent for two years from the day of ſale.

April 14, 1785. DAVID GRIFFITH.

Jonathan Swift and Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store on Captain Harper's Wharf,

A General Aſſortment of European and Weſt-India GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt moderate terms, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Produce, or ſhort Credit, with ſecurity.—They have excellent Hyſon, Souchong and Bohea Tea in cheſts and half cheſts, London Porter in ſmall hampers and a few barrels of Meſs Beef and Pork.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

THE Subſcribers have juſt received Nine Packages of Merchandiſe, marked AB in a diamond, from No. 1 to 9, which were imported in the Ship Amelia, John F. Throckmorton, from London. ——The owner may receive them by applying to

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Daniel and Iſaac M'Pherſon,

Have for Sale,

MADERA wine by the pipe, hogſhead and quarter-caſk, citron by the box, Weſt-India rum by the hogſhead and barrel, brown ſugar, ſalt, train oil, and a few groſs of bottles.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

STOLEN from the Brig Induſtry on the night of the 26th inſtant, a YAWL; ſhe rowed with four oars, was payed with turpentine, ſome of the bottom plank worm-eaten and very leaky.—ONE GUINEA will be given for the recovery of the Boat, and on conviction of the thief TWO GUINEAS.

D. and I. M'PHERSON.

Alexandria, May 30, 1785.

STRAYED away from Alexandria, on Saturday the 21ſt of May, a ſorrel MARE, ſeven years old, full blooded, fourteen hands and an half high, has a cut upon her neck under the mane about three inches long, and it is ſuppoſed ſhe is gone towards Mr. Iſrael Lacey's in Loudon, as ſhe came from thence.——Whoever finds her ſhall receive SIX DOLLARS reward and all reaſonable charges paid, by applying to Mr. Iſrael Lacey in Loudon, or Williams, Cary and Company, Alexandria.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Will be ſold to the higheſt bidder at Leeſburg, on the Second Monday in July next,

A Valuable PLANTATION, containing 1225 acres, ſituated within 25 miles of Dumfries, Colcheſter or Alexandria, and on the road leading from either place to Leeſburg.—A great part of this plantation is fine tobacco land, and there is none but what is very good for farming, and well timbered. The payments will be made eaſy to the purchaſer.—The above land will be ſold either in lots or otherwiſe, and may be had at private ſale.

May 15, 1785. WILLIAM MONROE.

Colin Mac Iver and Co.

Have juſt imported in the Brig Eglington from Liverpool, the following Goods, viz.

AN excellent and complete aſſortment of ladies', mens' and youths' drab and black hats, ¾ and ⅞ linen checks, ⅞, yard, one yard and ¼ cotton ditto, Wigan and furniture ditto, ſtriped Hollands, ſtriped cottons light and dark grounds, cotton and linen handkerchiefs, white linen and ſheetings, ¼, ⅞ and yard-wide bedtickings, 6-4, ½, 7-4 and 8-4 bedbunts, and Holland tapes, which, with a variety of other goods now on hand, they will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or country produce.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

ALL thoſe indebted to the late Partnerſhip of DOW, MAC IVER and CO. by bond, note or book account, are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment to the Subſcriber, in whoſe hands the books and papers of the ſaid Company are left.—There being a neceſſity for a ſettlement of the affairs of the ſaid Company, no further indulgence can be given.—Thoſe who neglect to comply with this notice within ſix weeks from this date, may expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without any reſpect to perſons. COLIN MAC IVER.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

☞ I have for ſale a likely young NEGRO FELLOW, who can be recommended for honeſty and induſtry. C. M.

For Sale, by the Subſcriber,

A Small FARM, containing 154 acres, lying in the County of Spotſylvania, within 7 miles of Frederickſburg; there are on it a dwelling-houſe with two rooms below and two above ſtairs, with every other convenient out-houſe, and a large barn; it is about one half cleared and is in good order for cropping, having ſeveral different encloſures under good fences, among which there are ſome pretty good meadow ground, and a tolerable orchard of different kinds of fruit.——This place would ſuit either a farmer or tradeſman, particularly a tanner, there being on it an excellent ſituation for a tanyard, having a never failing ſpring ſo ſituated as to be made to convey the water into the vats without the aſſiſtance of a pump.—Hides might eaſily be procured from the butchers in town, and there is a plenty of bark near the place.——Likewiſe, another TRACT of LAND, containing 510 acres, lying in the ſame County, about 20 miles from town; there are on it a ſmall dwelling-houſe and a pretty good orchard.—This place is remarkable for its fine range for all kinds of ſtock, which may be raiſed in any quantity at very little expence of feeding, is well watered, and ſituated in a moſt healthy part of the country.—For terms apply to

DAVID GALLOWAY, jun.

Frederickſburg, May 24, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 15th inſtant a tawny NEGRO WOMAN, named ANN, about 19 years of age, and of a middle ſize.—Alſo, ran away on the 18th inſtant, another wench, called BET, about 22 years of age, of nearly the ſame complexion.—They took with them, a variety of cloathing, among which were the following, viz. One Indian perſian gown, two calico ditto, and one ſtriped cotton and ſilk ditto, &c. Whoever takes up ſaid ſlaves, and brings them to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have a ſatisfactory reward, beſides what the law allows. RAPHAEL BOORMAN.

Cornwallis's Neck, Maryland, May 19, 1785.

☞ A few Barrels of choice LAMPBLACK may be had at the Printing-Office.

Hooe and Harriſon,

Have for Sale, at their Store in Alexandria,

LEMONS, Jar Raiſins, Jeſuits' Bark, Cork Wood, Cadiz Salt, and a Variety of other GOODS too tedious to mention.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Juſt IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

Jordan and Poyer,

At Mr. Wales's Store, near Capt. Harper's Wharf,

BARBADOES RUM in Hogſheads and Barrels, and beſt Muſcovado SUGAR in Ditto.

☞ They want to purchaſe a Quantity of Flour, and a few Pounds of Snakeroot.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

Robert Broket,

From Ireland,

BEGS leave to offer his ſervices to the public, as STONECUTTER and BRICKLAYER.—He can cut, engrave and poliſh marble for chimney pieces, &c.—Plans and drawings may alſo be done by him, agreeable to the taſte of any who may pleaſe to employ him. Any commands ſhall be ſtrictly attended to, and executed with deſpatch and care; and he flatters himſelf, will be done in ſuch a manner as to merit future encouragement.—Inquire at Mr. M'Gachen's.

Alexandria, May 24, 1785.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the night of the 24th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN BUCKLY, a hatter by trade, 29 or 30 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a thick clumſy made fellow, of a ſandy complexion, large beard, ſhort thick ſandy hair inclining to curl, has a ſober deceitful countenance, and is capable of the greateſt ingratitude; he can write a tolerable hand, will probably forge a paſs and travel as a journeyman hatter looking for work:—He had on and took with him a light coloured cloth coat, a dark brown ſhort ditto, with jacket and breeches nearly of the ſame colour, a pair of black ſtuff breeches, and a light coloured coating ſurtout with a velvet collar, all of them the worſe for wear; two check and one white ſhirts, one pair of oſnaburg trouſers, one pair of black ſtockings not fellows, and a good pair of ſhoes with yellow buckles.—I have reaſon to believe he was enticed away by the villainy of a certain HENRY HOWARD, alſo by trade a hatter, a ſhort well ſet man, dreſſed in a ſhort blue coat, brown corduroy jacket and overalls of the ſame, has worked journey-work in many different parts of Virginia, and went off at the ſame time, ſuppoſed in company.——Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervant man in any gaol, ſo that I may hear of him and get him again, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, and if brought home all reaſonable charges ſhall be paid by HENRY BUDD.

Alexandria, May 28, 1785.

A SCHOOL will be opened by the Subſcriber in a few days, next door to Robert M'Crea, Eſquire's, where he will teach reading, writing, vulgar and decimal arithmetic.—As he can be well recommended, both for his learning and morals, by ſome of the firſt characters in Philadelphia, and will make it his conſtant endeavours to deſerve, ſo he hopes to meet with the encouragement of a generous public.—Any who may pleaſe to favor him with their commands will find him at Mr. M'Knight's, or he will wait on them at their dwellings.

EDMUND EDMONDS.

Alexandria, June 1, 1785.

LONDON, April 4.

A LETTER from Leghorn ſays, that a Venetian veſſel, called a polacre, was taken off there by the Moors, and carried into Algiers. The ſame letter ſays, that the Barbarians are ſo intolerably inſolent, that they ſtop ſhips of all nations, even the Engliſh, unleſs they have paſſes; ſo that at preſent they are maſters of the Mediterranean ſea, and have ſtopped almoſt all trade to every port that lies near the ſame.

There are accounts from the continent, brought by the laſt mail, which ſtate, that the King of Pruſſia lies ſo dangerouſly ill, as to afford very little hope of his recovery. His Majeſty is now about 73 years of age and was born in 1712.

A difficulty has been ſtarted between our civil Governors in America and the Congreſs, concerning the evacuation of Niagara, Detroit, and ſome other poſts upon the upper lakes. General Haldimand firſt refuſed to give them up, though they came within the American boundary line, and his conduct has, in that particular, been in ſome meaſure approved by Miniſters; ſo that the 29th and 31ſt regiments are ordered immediately to relieve the 8th regiment, now in poſſeſſion of thoſe forts.

April 8. The continent is certainly in a ſtate of political fermentation. The Dutch and the Emperor are ready to engage immediately, if a peace cannot be concluded upon. The French prepare to aſſiſt the Dutch, but wiſh not to offend the Emperor. Old Frederick marches and countermarches his troops. An inteſtine faction ſaps the vitals of the Republic of Holland; and the Stadtholder perhaps owes his quiet tenure of his ſeat to the neceſſity for a ſhow of unanimity. The Spaniards, Portugueſe, Venetians and Malteſe, are preparing for the annual drubbing which they go to receive before Algiers. Add to this, that the Empreſs has every reaſon to ſuſpect deſigns of the moſt hoſtile nature againſt her favorite Crimea, and from a quarter not the moſt agreeable. Tranſylvania is ſtill in a ſtate of inactive confuſion, ſince the rebellion. And Old-England, neighbour-like, has her trials and troubles.—*Give peace in our time, O Lord!*

HOUSE of COMMONS,
Monday, April 4.

TRADE WITH AMERICA.

THE Chancellor of the Exchequer having brought up a bill to continue the act of the laſt year, for diſpenſing with the production of certain inſtruments, by veſſels coming from the ports of the United States of America into the ports of Great-Britain, and moved that it be read a firſt time.

Mr. Fox roſe, and obſerved, that he underſtood the bill brought in by the right honorable gentleman was to continue till the 5th of April, 1786; he did not mean to offer any obſtruction to its paſſing through the houſe, on the contrary, he was diſpoſed to facilitate its progreſs, being convinced it was indiſpenſibly neceſſary, ſince the act, the proviſions which it was to continue, would expire to-morrow, or next day; but he wiſhed to ſuggeſt to the houſe, whether it might not be expedient to ſhorten the propoſed time of its duration. It has been underſtood, that ere this, ſome meaſures would have been deviſed for the eſtabliſhment of a permanent commercial arrangement with the American States, and he truſted the preſent ſeſſions would not elapſe till the buſineſs ſhould have had a full, mature and deliberate parliamentary diſcuſſion: And that a full inquiry might be made into the preſent ſtate of the commercial intercourſe between England and America, and the proper meaſures adopted for the better and more ſecure and permanent regulation of that intercourſe, he was deſirous the date of the bill might be ſhortened from April, 1786, to September, 1785.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer objected to the propoſition made by Mr. Fox, becauſe he did not imagine it practicable for any permanent ſyſtem of commerce between this country and America to be eſtabliſhed in the courſe of the preſent ſeſſion.

The bill being read a firſt time, Mr. Pitt moved, that the ſaid bill be read a ſecond time; which being agreed to, the ſame right honorable member moved, that the houſe do now go into a committee on the ſaid bill, which paſſed without oppoſition.

Mr. Fox, in the committee, purſued the ſame line of argument he had adopted on the firſt reading of the bill, and aſſured the houſe, that his only motive for deſiring a ſhort continuance of the bill, was to prevent parliament from being deprived of the opportunity of purſuing the very important inquiry as to the ſtate of commercial regulations between Great-Britain and the United States of America; and to effect this purpoſe he would move, that the words "Fifth of April, 1786," be left out, and "Firſt September, 1785," inſerted in their room.

Mr. Jenkinſon diſapproved of the amendment propoſed by Mr. Fox, becauſe he did not think there would be time in the preſent ſeſſion of parliament for coming to any deciſive reſolutions upon a buſineſs ſo extenſive, important, and complicated, as that of ſettling a commercial treaty with America,

Mr. Eden ſaid, no ill-conſequences had yet happened, nor, in his idea, were to be apprehended, through the want of a treaty of commerce with America; and he would give the bill his hearty ſupport.

The queſtion for the bill to paſs the committee in its original form being put and carried. Mr. Fox's amendment was conſequently loſt.

The houſe being reſumed, Mr. Gilbert, chairman of the committee, made a report of the bill, which was ordered to be engroſſed.

Petition from the captors of Penobſcot, for head-money.

A petition from the captors of Penobſcot, in North-America, craving the reward of head-money, granted for that purpoſe, but which they had not received.

The petition was read and brought up.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer was averſe from conſenting to the prayer of the above petition, unleſs for very particular conſiderations. He was afraid of its conſequences as a precedent. It might open a door which it might not be eaſy to ſhut. He therefore moved, that the conſideration of it might be poſtponed to this day three months.

Sir George Collier thought it exceedingly hard to heſitate about a matter of ſuch obvious juſtice and urgent neceſſity. He ſaid the claim of the petitioners was fully aſcertained. He went into a detail of the manœuvres and victories of the fleet which he had commanded at the taking of Penobſcot. He ſaid, the enemy was much ſuperior to him. The fleet was formed into a half-moon previous to engagement. It had broke line on the firſt attack, and fled up the river; the river was narrow; many of the enemy's veſſels were run aſhore and burnt. Thoſe who were on board had fled into the woods, where they had periſhed. The loſs, therefore, on the ſide of the enemy, was great. The victory on his ſide was conſiderable, and eminently conſequential. An accurate ſtatement of the loſs of men on the enemy's part had been made out and aſcertained under the caveat of proper documents. The leaſt probable number had been aſcertained, which was ſurely all that was requiſite; he could not therefore but oppoſe the motion of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. He did not think it founded on proper motives; nor could he allow himſelf, at the preſent conjuncture, to ſit ſtill, or to abandon the brave companions of his victory.

Mr. Eden having ſtated the neceſſity of inquiry, and expatiated on the merits of thoſe who had conquered, the motion was put and carried.

April 11. Notwithſtanding the States of Holland behaved in a manner ſo derogatory to every principle of gratitude and juſtice towards this country during the late war, there are ſtrong political reaſons for our endeavouring to prevent their being cruſhed by any of their too powerful neighbours. If the Dutch Provinces are divided, it is our inſular ſituation only will protect this kingdom.

ST. GEORGE'S *(Grenada)* May 14.

Letters from the neighbouring French Iſlands, mention, that the late Arrêt, for regulating their trade with foreigners, is carried into execution with the utmoſt rigor.—Several Engliſh veſſels, whoſe Maſters had, through ignorance, neglected to conform to the formalities preſcribed by the ſaid Arrêt, have been ſeized, and among the number, the ſchooner Fan-Fan, from this port, in ballaſt, which had only touched at St. Lucia, to land a paſſenger.

CHARLESTON, May 12.

The organizing of the militia being an object of great moment, eſpecially in the interior parts of this State, to effect this neceſſary purpoſe his Excellency the Governor ſet out a few days ago, for Camden.

May 19. A letter from one of the paſſengers on board the ſhip Fanny, Captain Overton, gives a melancholy account of the loſs of ſaid ſhip, which ſailed from this port in February laſt, bound to Liverpool, and on the firſt day of March, in a gale of wind, unfortunately overſet; they were then obliged to cut away her maſts, by which means ſhe righted. They were in that deplorable condition till the firſt of April, when happily they were picked up by a veſſel, and carried into Newbury-Port,

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NEW-YORK, May 19.

The Miniſter of War has been pleaſed to direct, that the uniform of the troops raiſed and to be raiſed for the frontier ſervice, be *blue*, faced with *red* and lined with *white* for the infantry; and *blue* faced and lined with *red* for the artillery; the cockades to be *black*. Diſcarding the *union* cockade does not ſeem to meet with general approbation—It is therefore to be lamented, that any regulation ſhould take place, that will excite jealouſy, or create uneaſineſs, in the minds of our allies, who afforded us ſuccour in the moment of diſtreſs and difficulty.

May 21. We are informed, that during the continuance of the ſhip Empreſs of China, at Canton, a ſalute was fired on ſome occaſion from one of the ſhips in the harbour, when very ignorantly, and moſt unfortunately it proved that the charge in one of the ſaluting guns had not been drawn, which proved fatal to two Chineſe inhabitants, who were killed on the ſpot. This melancholy event brought on the reſentment of 30,000 natives, who ſecured the gunner of an Engliſh ſhip, from whence the execution was done; but the commanders and ſhips companies of all the veſſels from various countries, Britiſh, French, Americans, Danes, Swedes, Dutch, &c. combined to recover the captive gunner, and after a week's ceſſation of buſineſs, and the man had ſubmitted to a very equitable trial, was acquitted and enlarged, the ancient good humour of the Chineſe returned, ſince they found from a very candid inveſtigation, that the misfortune was not premeditated, but pronounced in their law courts mere CHANCE-MEDLEY. It muſt be obſerved, that China is governed by moſt excellent laws, which are rigidly executed, otherwiſe what could be done by ſo many myriads of inhabitants as compoſe the immenſe Empire of China?

May 23. By a ſhip arrived at Portſmouth, in 40 days from Breſt, the Conſul of France reſiding at Boſton, has had the pleaſing intelligence of the happy delivery of her Majeſty of France, of a Prince; on whom has been conferred the title of Duke of Normandy.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.

A New-York paper of Friday laſt ſays, "The port of the Havana is again opened for the reception of American produce, and the admiſſion of all American veſſels. This event will give new life to our trade, which for ſome time paſt has been in a very languid ſtate."

June 3. On the 23d of April Congreſs publiſhed an ordinance reſpecting the diſpoſal of the weſtern territory. The land is to be ſurveyed, and laid out in townſhips of ſix miles ſquare; and the board of treaſury is directed to ſell the ſame by public vendue, at not leſs than one dollar per acre, to be paid in ſpecie or certificates, beſides the expence of ſurvey, which is rated at thirty-ſix dollars the townſhip.

From the New-York Gazetteer, May 31.

By recent letters, via South-Carolina, we are favored with the pleaſing intelligence from Dominica, that affords a proſpect of a valuable commerce between this country and the Spaniſh dominions on the Main; importing that, in December laſt, the Spaniſh Superintendant and Conſul had appointed John Skey Euſtace, (a native of this State, late a Colonel in the federal army, and practitioner of law in Georgia) Inſpector-General of their trade with America; and that he had ſailed from Dominica for Alveres, a ſettlement on the Spaniſh Main, where much of their treaſure from Mexico to Peru is lodged, until ſhipped for Old Spain.—This appointment is deemed moſt honorable and lucrative, ſuppoſed worth 10,000l. ſterling per annum. Colonel Euſtace's diſtinguiſhed abilities and lively genius, had rendered him a favorite with that poliſhed Courtier and Stateſman.

The brig Apollo, Tyrie, from the Bay of Honduras to London, was totally loſt the 21ſt of February, on Glover's Reef.

A Gentleman arrived from Dublin ſays, that, on the 20th of April every veſſel expected from America with flax-ſeed, was arrived.—That the Friendſhip, from New-York, had loſt her bowſprit; and that Captain Bell died the day of his arrival.

The preſent difficulties in our commerce, will, it is to be hoped, produce what every wiſe man wiſhes, viz. an enlargement of the power of that Honorable Body which alone can protect the United States from the inſults and abuſes of Barbarians, whether civilized or uncivilized.—While their tendency is to this valuable object, the friends of this country behold them with ſatisfaction.

Yeſterday arrived His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Packet Le Courier de la Martinique, in 27 days from l'Orient; and the brig Peggy, Captain Dekay, from Briſtol, in 49 days.

Extract of a letter from London, April 9.

"As our letters from the Continent, by the laſt mail, give, perhaps, a clearer ſketch of the ſtate of politics among the European powers, than you will find in the common newſpapers, we encloſe a tranſlation for your uſe:

"Vienna, March 19. From Conſtantinople we receive conſtantly advices that the Turks are making extraordinary preparations for war, by ſea and land. A corps of 6000 Janiſſaries has been put in quarters of cantonment in the environs of Belgrade.

"The Venetians continue to arm againſt the States of Holland. The Pruſſian Ambaſſador's memorial, delivered to the Venetian Miniſter here, has made very little impreſſion. Moſt likely the Dutch and Venetians will be the firſt to commence hoſtilities this ſeaſon. It is ſaid that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has already ſettled with her powerful allies the means to aſcertain the crown of Poland (when vacant) to one of the Great Duke's children; and that, for this reaſon, France has done all in her power to raiſe the Turks out of their uſual inactivity.—In caſe of a war, Ruſſia is to aſſiſt Auſtria againſt the Turks; and very likely a Ruſſian army will appear on the Turkiſh frontiers, even before the negociation of the war with Holland begins."

ALEXANDRIA, June 9.

Laſt Saturday arrived in this Town the juſtly celebrated Mrs. CATHERINE MACAULAY GRAHAM, on her Way to Mount-Vernon, the Seat of His Excellency General WASHINGTON.

Extract of a Letter from Captain James Ervine, now a Priſoner at Mogador, South Barbary, to a Gentleman in this Town, dated April 1, 1785.

"Soon after our Arrival at Tangiers we were ordered to Morocco and carried before the Emperor, who informed us he was at Peace with our Nation; but ſoon after ordered us to this Place, where we are to remain Priſoners, till Congreſs may think proper to ſend an Ambaſſador to our Relief. This is the ultimate Determination of the Emperor. We hope, which is all the Comfort we have under our dreadful Situations, they will be ſpeedy and favorable to our Wiſhes, and reſtore us again to our Families and Friends."

A few Days ago the Sloop Molly Beverly, Capt. Chriſtie, arrived here from Charleſton. In Lat. 36, 28, N. Long. 74, 40, W. he ſpoke the Brig Active, Captain Jenny, from Baltimore, bound to Antigua, out 3 Days, all well.

The Jannet, Captain Chiſholm, from Glaſgow, is arrived at Norfolk.

MARRIED.] At Richmond, Colonel MICHAEL RYAN, to Miſs FRANCES DUDLEY.

DIED.] Major WINDSOR BROWN.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Dolphin, A. Stewart, and Sloop Speedwell, W. Scott, from Philadelphia; Brig Jenny, M. Griffing, Barbadoes; Sloop Molly Beverly, J. Chriſtie, Charleſton; Schooner Jeſſe, S. Davis, Grenada; Brig Jane and Elizabeth, J. Frazer, George-Town,

Cleared Outwards. Ship Henry, J. Denniſon, for Baltimore; Sloop Dolphin, A. Stewart, Philadelphia; Brig Liberty, J. Nixon, Hamburg; Brig Martha, G. Slacom, St. Euſtatia.

*** M. CAPUS, from Barbadoes, propoſes teaching in this Town Dancing, and Vocal and Inſtrumental Muſic.—He may be ſpoke with at Mr. SHORT's.

☞ It is requeſted that the Subſcribers to the Scheme for erecting a Houſe for a Grammar School in Alexandria, and thoſe who wiſh to intereſt themſelves therein, will meet at the Court-Houſe on Saturday next, at 10 o'Clock, A. M. for the Purpoſe of arranging and carrying into Effect the Deſign of ſaid Subſcription.

Alexandria, June 7, 1785.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

William Hartſhorne

And

Company,

BARBADOES and Grenada RUM, Muſcovado SUGAR, COFFEE, Smiths' Anvils and Vices, Soap and Candles by the Box, and a Variety of DRY-GOODS as uſual.

Alexandria, June 9, 1785.

By the PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the POTOMACK COMPANY, May 31, 1785.

ORDERED, That the Proprietors of the ſaid Company pay into the hands of WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, Treaſurer of the ſaid Company, on each ſhare Five Pounds, ſterling, on or before the fifteenth day of July next, and alſo the further ſum of Two Pounds Ten Shillings, ſterling, on or before the firſt day of October next.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,
THOMAS JOHNSTON,
THOMAS S. LEE,
GEORGE GILPIN,
JOHN FITZGERALD.

Four hundred and three of the five hundred ſhares in the Potomack Company having been ſubſcribed, books are now opened at Mr. William Hartſhorne's, Treaſurer, in Alexandria, to receive the firſt ſubſcriptions that may be offered to make up the ninety-ſeven remaining ſhares.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Preſident and Directors of the Potomack Company, will meet at Alexandria on Friday the firſt day of July next, to agree with a ſkilful perſon to conduct the opening and improving the navigation of Potomack River, from the Great Falls to Payne's, and from the upper part of the Shenandoah to the higheſt place practicable on the North Branch, and alſo to agree with two Aſſiſtants and Overſeers; alſo, that liberal wages will be given to any number not exceeding one hundred good hands, with proviſions and a reaſonable quantity of ſpirits; that a further encouragement will be given to ſuch as are dexterous in boring and blowing rocks, in which ſervice a proportion of the men will be employed; and that the conductor of the work, or ſome other perſon authoriſed, will attend at Seneca on the third day of July next, and at Shenandoah on the ſixth day of July next, to contract with the men who may offer for this ſervice.

By order of the Board,

JOHN POTTS, jun. Secretary.

Richard Conway,

Has imported from Liſbon, in the Brig Martha, Gabriel Slacom, Maſter, which he will ſell on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or Country Produce,

Salt, Liſbon and Oporto Wines.

Alexandria, June 6, 1785.

W. Mounſher and Co.

Have for Sale,

TWO very handſome ſingle riding CHAISES and a very elegant SULKY, entirely new.—They may be ſeen at Mr. WARD's Tavern.

Alexandria, June 7, 1785.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

James Ramſay,

At Mr. Watſon's ſtore on the Wharf,

A SMALL Quantity of choice Muſcovado SUGAR and RUM in hogſheads and barrels.

Alexandria, June 7, 1785.

DROPPED from my ſervant's horſe, at the Bridge near the Church, about eight o'clock laſt evening, a pair of black SADDLE-BAGS with an iron lock, which contained a number of bonds, receipts, and other papers in a red pocket-book, ſome Continental State money, a State land warrant for about 15 or 1600 acres of land in my own name, two certificates in the name of Francis Willis, jun. of Berkeley County, one for £. 20 the other for 20 odd pounds, both dated 1783; two tobacco notes, one in the name of Thomas Alliſon, the other in the name of Daniel Stone, marked and numbered Alexandria Warehouſe, D. S, No. 798, 1127, 111, 1016; T. A. No. 807, 1121, 116, 1005; alſo, a large ſum of gold.—Whoever has found the bags, and will deliver them with the papers to the Printers hereof, may keep the gold and no queſtions will be aſked. All perſons will pleaſe to take notice not to take up any bonds due me without my aſſignment, nor to purchaſe the above tobacco notes.—Among the number of bonds there are two replevy bonds, given by Mr. Henry Whiting to His Excellency George Waſhington, one for £. 149 8s. the other for £. 50; one bond given by Col. Anthony Thorton for £. 100 payable the firſt day of June next; one bond given by Robert B. Carter for 6000*lb.* of crop tobacco; one bond given by Cuthbert Harriſon, Eſq; for 1100*lb.* of tobacco; one bond given by William Heale, Eſq; for 1150*lb.* of tobacco, with other bonds and accounts which I do not remember.

May 3, 1785. BATTAILE MUSE.

LEFT in the Subſcriber's ſtable, by a ſtranger, name unknown, on the 13th of May laſt, a dark bay HORSE, ſaddle and bridle, ſuppoſed to be 11 or 12 years old, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail both black, two fore feet white, 13 hands and upwards high, branded on the near buttock N R, and has a ſmall ſlit in each ear.—The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold in fourteen days days from this date. THOMAS REEDER,

Alexandria, June 6, 1785.

FOR SALE,

FOURTEEN LOTS of GROUND, in the town of Leeſburg, the ſmalleſt of which has 40 feet in front and 85 feet in depth; the others are of different ſizes.—Alſo for ſale, an elegant Teem of Horſes with a ſtout Waggon, a handſome riding Horſe and a young Mare.—Likewiſe, an active Negro Boy and Girl, both young.——The terms of ſale are, Ready-Money or Produce for the Negroes and Horſes; but credit will be given for part of the purchaſe of the Lots. PATRICK CAVAN.

Leeſburg, June 7, 1785.

☞ Said Cavan has TWO HOUSES, ſituated on the Main-ſtreet, which he wiſhes to Rent, and poſſeſſion will be given immediately.—Alſo, another HOUSE, of which poſſeſſion will be given in a few months.

FOR SALE,

A SAW-MILL (generally known by the name of Bruce's) together with about 1250 acres of LAND in the County of Orange, a great proportion of which is in good timber.—There is on this tract an exceeding pretty Farm, extending about a mile on the River Rappadan, ſufficient to work four or five hands to great advantage.—The mill is now at work, and ſaws near 100,000 feet of plank annually, which is generally carried to Frederickſburg by an exceeding good road, the diſtance being only about 26 miles.—My price is £. 1500 military certificates iſſued by this State, or, I will barter for merchandiſe, Negroes, horſes, or any kind of country produce.——I will alſo ſell my Military LAND WARRANTS, containing 7777 acres and two-thirds, the greater part of which are already located on Gaſper's River, by the beſt judges in the Weſtern Country.—For theſe I will take one dollar per acre, in certificates as aforeſaid, or barter in like manner. BURGES BALL.

Culpepper, May 27, 1785.

AS JOHN DUNDAS and COMPANY intend to move their Store on the 11th of next month to the late dwelling-houſe of Mr. William Hepburn, the Store, with a neat well finiſhed counting room and bed room (which may anſwer for a ſmall family) a good loft and a cellar under the whole, which they now occupy, and has lately been completely repaired, will be to rent at that time.——Alſo, the DWELLING-HOUSE and Garden thereunto adjoining, now in the tenure of Mr. Patrick Murray; poſſeſſion of which will be given on the 1ſt of November.

JOHN DUNDAS.

Alexandria, June 7, 1785.

☞ The ſaid John Dundas and Co. have for ſale at their Store, a neat aſſortment of MERCHANDISE, ſuitable to the preſent ſeaſon, which they will ſell for caſh, country produce, or on ſhort credit.

THE Pariſh of Norborne in the County of Berkeley, being at preſent without a Miniſter of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, legally inducted, the veſtry of the ſaid Pariſh have therefore determined to proceed to the appointment of one, at the Church in the Pariſh aforeſaid, on or before the firſt day of October next, purſuant to an act of the laſt ſeſſion of the General Aſſembly,

Publiſhed by order of the Veſtry,

THOMAS RUTHERFORD, } Church-
MORGAN MORGAN, } wardens.

Berkeley County, May 16, 1785.

Mount-Airy, May 27, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber's plantation near the Woodyard in Prince-George's County, State of Maryland, a Mulatto man, named NICK, a carpenter by trade, 35 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, is round ſhouldered and ſtoops as he walks. Whoever takes up the ſaid Slave and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward and reaſonable charges, paid by BENEDICT CALVERT.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 9th of April laſt, a yellow ſtrong NEGRO WENCH, named KATE: She had on and took away with her, three linſey petticoats, and one ſtriped linſey jacket.—Any perſon who will take up ſaid Wench, and return her to the Subſcriber, living on Shenandoah near the Bloomery, ſhall receive the above reward and have all reaſonable charges paid.

BENJAMIN RANKINS.

June 4, 1785.

Newport, Charles-County, June 1, 1785.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 8th day of December laſt, a Mulatto Man SLAVE, who calls himſelf STEPHEN BUTLER; he is a luſty Fellow, about 6 feet 2 inches high, thin viſaged, has a ſmall ſcar on his right cheek bone and a large one on his ſide, occaſioned by the cut of a a knife in a fray.—His clothes I cannot deſcribe, as it is probable he has changed them.—He plays on the violin, and can work a little at coopering, ſawing and wheel work, but is a tolerable good houſe-carpenter.—He is very well known as a runaway for 30 years paſt, and is about 50 years of age.—He has been frequently concealed by white people, having ran away upwards of one hundred times, ſome of whom I could now mention, but for the preſent ſhall content myſelf by forbidding, at their peril, any perſon whatever from harbouring or concealing him.—He is an artful inſinuating fellow, a great liar, and a coward; but if taken into cuſtody will endeavour to make his eſcape.—Whoever will bring the ſaid Slave to his Maſter, ſhall receive, if taken in the County, TEN DOLLARS reward, and if out of the County, TWELVE DOLLARS, and if 50 miles from home, or out of the State, TEN POUNDS and all reaſonable charges, paid by LEONARD BOARMAN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Negro Man, called EMANUEL, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, very ſquare made and of a dark brown complexion, with remarkable large eyes.—I remember no particular marks or ſcars, except his being ſome years ago burnt in the hand, the traces of which may perhaps yet remain.—He is very ſenſible and has a number of friends and aſſociates among the lower claſs of whites.—I make no doubt he has procured a paſs.—He was taken off in a veſſel, and I underſtand paſſes for a freeman by the name of JAMES.—Whoever ſecures the ſaid Negro in any gaol whatever, ſhall receive a reward of SIX POUNDS.

SPENCER BALL.

Northumberland County, June 3, 1785.

☞ A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on good Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

POETRY.

THE SETTING SUN.

"SEE'ST thou yonder circling Sun
His unfailing journies run,
Up and down the heavenly hill,
Faithful to his Maker's will?
Thron'd on chariot, bright and high,
Pouring bleſſings from the ſky;
And though clouds obſtruct his ray,
Still purſues his heavenly way;
Bright'ning ſtill in fairer red,
Till he ſets in Ocean's bed;
Setting only ſoon to riſe,
Bright and fair, in Eaſtern ſkies?
Emblem this of Virtue's way,
Ending in eternal day.
Thus may I my courſe purſue,
Keeping ſtill the end in view:
Ever pouring bleſſings round,
Where an object may be found.
Thus I'd live, and thus I'd die,
Dreſt for immortality."

RUM,

Of an excellent Quality, made and ſold by the Hogſhead or larger Quantity, cheap for Caſh or Country Produce, by

WILLIAM LYLES and COMPANY.

Alexandria, May 17, 1785. ‡

Leertouwer, Huyman, and Huiberts,

Have left in the care of Meſſieurs HOOE and HARRISON, for ſale, the following GOODS, viz.

WINDOW-GLASS 8 by 10, wood-axes, ſhovels and tongs, cutting-knives, ſcythes frying-pans, chafingdiſhes, bird ſhot, gin in caſes, French cordials, &c. &c.

Alexandria, May 20, 1785.

TO BE SOLD IN FEE-SIMPLE,

FOUR LOTS of GROUND on Princeſs-ſtreet, between Fairfax and Water ſtreets, containing 24 feet front each, and 100 feet in depth, with the privilege of a 9 feet alley; alſo, 3 LOTS on Fairfax-ſtreet, between Princeſs and Oronoko ſtreets, 22½ feet front each and 114 feet 5 inches in depth, with the privilege of the ſame alley.—One third of the purchaſe-money to be paid in three months, one third in ſix months, and the remainder the firſt of April, 1786.—Bond with approved ſecurity will be required.—As to the ſituation of the Lots I ſhall only obſerve, the firſt four ſtand on the ſtreet leading to the public ferry and public warehouſes.

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

☞ If not ſold before, they will be put up at Public Vendue on Saturday the 18th of June next, on the ſame terms.

Alexandria, May 19, 1785.

To be Sold or exchanged for Land in Loudon, Fairfax, Prince-William, Fauquier, Frederick, or Berkeley Counties, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land on the Weſtern Waters, viz.

ONE TRACT of 1191 acres, in Monongalia County, ſituated on Papaw-Creek, a branch of Monongalia River, about 6 miles from ſaid river, which is navigable a conſiderable diſtance above the ſaid creek; this Land is well ſtocked with ſugar-tree, poplar, white and black oak timber; and as there is a conveniency for building mills on it, a ſaw-mill will be very advantageous, there being a great demand for plank for the purpoſe of boat-building, to tranſport emigrants to the lower parts of that country.

One other TRACT in the ſame County, containing 1000 acres, lying on the waters of Morgan's-Run, about 3 miles from a good landing on Cheat-River, where the boat-building buſineſs is carried on; and would alſo be an excellent place for a ſaw-mill, there being a great quantity of good timber on the tract. On this Land, I am credibly informed, there is a large body of iron ore, and ſufficient ſtreams of water to erect any kind of iron-works on, and timber to ſupport them.

Alſo, ſeveral TRACTS of LAND in Jefferſon County, containing 2925 acres; as this Land was located at an early period, I expect it is of an excellent quality.

Likewiſe, an undivided moiety (or half) of 28256½ acres of located LAND, in a good part of the country as the Locator informed me.

I have alſo in the town of Leeſburg, THREE unimproved LOTS to ſell, well ſituated, containing in front 47 feet each, and extending back 102 feet, with the privilege of a 10 feet alley to each Lot. For terms apply to the Subſcriber in ſaid town.

SAMUEL CANBY.

Leeſburg, May 11, 1785.

William Hartſhorne And Company,

HAVE juſt imported in the Mary, Captain Andrews, from London, an aſſortment of Spring GOODS, which they will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh, or country produce, by wholeſale and retail.—Thoſe whoſe accounts are more than three months ſtanding, will particularly oblige us by paying their balances, as we are informed by our friends in England, that no ſuch credits can be had there as formerly.—Thoſe who cannot pay immediately, will pleaſe to ſettle their accounts and give their bonds for the balance.—We hope the law-limitting credits to ſix months, will be our excuſe for this requeſt, eſpecially when it is conſidered, that thoſe who ſell goods, are the only people affected by it, as appears by ſome late determinations in our General Court.—Several valuable LOTS, well ſituated in Alexandria, may be had on Ground-Rent.—Inquire of WILLIAM HARTSHORNE.

Alexandria, May 9, 1785. ‖

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, or their accounts and bonds will be put into the hands of an attorney; and all thoſe who have claims againſt the eſtate are deſired to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid.

ROBERT ADAM,
ROBERT M'CREA,
JOHN GIBSON,
WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. } Executors.

Alexandria, May 12, 1785.

OBSCURITY,

Imported from England laſt fall, by Meſſieurs Benjamin and John Crocket,

Stands this ſeaſon at Harmony-Hall, about 12 miles from Baltimore-Town, and three miles from Dr. Lyon's and Samuel Owing's Mills, and will begin to cover on the 25th of March next, at Six Guineas a Mare, and One Dollar to the Groom. He is a dark cheſtnut, 16 hands three inches high, well proportioned, and equal in figure to any horſe on the continent, was bred by Lord Milford, got by Col. O'Kelly's Eclipſe, his dam (which is own ſiſter to Croney) by Careleſs, his grandam by Cullen Arabian, his great grandam by North-Country Diamond, great great grandam by a ſon of Sir John Harper's Barb, and out of the Old Child Mare, who was the dam of Lord Tracy's Whimſey, and great great grandam of Careleſs. This horſe was ſix years old laſt graſs; at four years old he won a match of 200 Guineas, and a £. 50 plate. Eclipſe, his ſire, was never beat, and is now the firſt ſtallion in England; Careleſs the ſire of his dam, won nine King's plates, and was never beat.

Paſturage will be provided for Mares, at Three Shillings per week, and good care taken of them, but will not be anſwerable for eſcapes, or other accidents.—To prevent trouble, it is requeſted the Money may be ſent with the Mares.

Feb. 24, 1785. JOHN FORMAN.

George-Town, May 19, 1785.

THE Ship POTOMACK PLANTER, Capt. RICHARD JOHNS, lying at George-Town, takes Tobacco conſigned to Forreſt and Stoddert, London, at Seven Pounds, ſterling, per ton. She will ſail early in June.

BENJAMIN STODDERT.

A CHARTER WANTED,
For the EGLINGTON,

A Fine new Britiſh built Brigantine, of 360 hogſheads of tobacco burthen, with a Mediterranean paſs.—If a Charter ſhould not offer ſoon, ſhe will ſail in about two months for Liverpool, and will take 150 hogſheads on freight, at Seven Pounds, ſterling, per ton, with liberty of conſignment.—She is a ſtrong, tight, good veſſel, and will be ready to receive tobacco in 8 or 10 days.—For terms apply to Mr. JAMES MUSCHETT, Merchant in Dumfries, or the Subſcriber.

H. STEUART.

Loudon County, May 23, 1785.

☞ JUST RECEIVED, and to be SOLD by the Printers hereof, "A REPLY to the ADDRESS to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA—By the Author of a LETTER to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the City of WORCESTER."—Alſo, The Diſcovery, Settlement and preſent State of KENTUCKEY, containing an Eſſay towards the Topography and Natural Hiſtory of that Country, to which is prefixed a new and correct Map of that Country, drawn from accurate Surveys.—By JOHN FILSON.

On the 20th day of September next if fair, if not the next fair day, will be SOLD on the Premiſes,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Stafford County, Virginia, well watered and abounding with good timber. The ſouth bounds of the Land are within 12 miles of Frederickſburg, and the north bounds about 5 miles from Dumfries, both conſiderable and growing towns. The eaſt bounds are about one mile from Aquia Warehouſe, and croſſes Aquia-Run at the fork, where the north and ſouth branches divide, each extending weſtward through the whole Land, and will furniſh ſeveral valuable mills ſeats. At the fork of the two branches on the eaſtern bounds, and where both may be included there is a remarkable convenient ſeat with abundance of water for a large merchant mill and ſaw-mill, with plenty of ſtone for building, and heights to erect mills of any conſtruction. Adjoining to this ſeat are upwards of 1000 acres of uncleared Land, abounding with timber proper for a ſaw-mill, ſuch as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ſhips lower maſts. The annual rents now on the Lands are upwards of 22,000 pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of 4000 acres ſtill unſettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and ſmall natural meadows, affords good grazing for ſtock. The whole is laid off in 32 Lots, from 150 to 350 acres, for the conveniency of purchaſers. A draught may be ſeen, and the Land ſhewn, by an application to Col. BAILEY WASHINGTON, whoſe reſidence is adjoining.——The conditions and terms of ſale are as follow: The Lots to be ſold reſpectively at public ſale to the higheſt bidder, in ſterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and ſilver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of 1000 pounds net, inſpected within the year, will be received in diſcount at ſuch price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years from the day of ſale, with legal intereſt to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved ſecurity, and if the annual intereſt, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit ſhall be forfeited, and a ſuit may be commenced to recover both principal and intereſt. Any purchaſer making the ſecond and third payments, or any part of either on the day of ſale, will be allowed a diſcount of 10 per cent. on ſuch ſum. Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the whole before the day of ſale, ſhall have it at a moderate price on paying down one half the purchaſe-money, and giving bond on intereſt with approved ſecurity, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of ſale.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

May 30, 1785.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from Cuthbert Harriſon about the 20th of April laſt, a NEGRO FELLOW about 21 years of age, named DICK, remarkably ſtout, tall and well made, of a very black complexion; he has been much uſed to horſes and is a good waggoner, but fond of ſpiritous liquor, and when he drinks a little too much appears ſtupid, drowſy and very much inclined to ſleep; it is ſuppoſed he is making for Pennſylvania, as he was heard to ſay that the Negroes in that State had been ſet free; he was cloathed in the uſual manner, and believe he wears a yarn or worſted cap. Whoever takes up ſaid Slave and ſecures him in any gaol, and gives notice to the Subſcribers, ſo that he is recovered again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS, if in the neighbourhood or 10 miles from home, TWENTY DOLLARS if 20 miles from home, and if 30 miles or out of this State, the above reward, and all reaſonable expences paid if delivered to the Subſcribers living on Gooſe-Creek, on the road leading from Alexandria to Snickers's-Gap.

LEVEN POWELL,
SIMON TRIPLETT.

Loudon County, May 20, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,
At the Printing-Office,

A Variety of Blank Books, conſiſting of Ledgers, Journals, Caſh-Books, Letter-Books, &c. &c. Alſo, Stoughton's Bitters, Anderſon's Pills, Daffy's Elixir, Balſam of Honey, Squire's Elixir, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, &c. &c. &c.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.